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## ABSTRACT:

### Materials Discovery Through Interpretation: Intermediate-Temperature Protonic Ceramic Fuel Cells

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Materials Discovery through Interpretation (MDI) integrates scientific reasoning into machine-learning (ML) workflows to enable reliable extrapolation beyond training data [1-2]. We demonstrate this approach for proton-conducting oxides and its translation into a protonic ceramic fuel cell (PCFC) operating below 350 °C. ML screening first identified rhombohedral  $\text{SrSn}_{0.8}\text{Sc}_{0.2}\text{O}_{3-\delta}$  as a candidate proton conductor [3]. Based on prior findings [2,4], we replaced Sr with Ba to obtain the cubic perovskite structure and increased the Sc content from 20 to 70 at.%. The resulting  $\text{BaSn}_{0.3}\text{Sc}_{0.7}\text{O}_{3-\delta}$  achieves a proton conductivity of 0.01 S cm<sup>-1</sup> at 300 °C, where proton diffusion along  $\text{ScO}_6$  octahedral networks mitigates proton trapping [5]. Extending this strategy to  $\text{BaTi}_{0.2}\text{Sc}_{0.8}\text{O}_{3-\delta}$  (BTS80) yielded an even higher conductivity of 0.016 S cm<sup>-1</sup>. We fabricated the first PCFC with a pulsed-laser-deposited BTS80 thin-film electrolyte on a Pd anode and a triple-conducting  $\text{PrBa}_{0.5}\text{Sr}_{0.5}\text{Co}_{1.5}\text{Fe}_{0.5}\text{O}_{5+\delta}$  cathode, achieving 146 and 233 mW cm<sup>-2</sup> at 300 and 350 °C, respectively. Detailed electrochemical and microstructural analyses of the PCFC, including impedance spectroscopy and high-resolution transmission electron microscopy, will be presented to identify the dominant loss mechanisms and guide future materials and interface design for sub-350 °C operation.

#### References

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